1	SECTION 217. 48.981 (3) (bm) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:
2	48.981 (3) (bm) 1. If the county department knows with which Indian tribe $\Theta$
3	band the child is affiliated, or with which Indian tribe or band the Indian unborn
4	child, when born, may be eligible for affiliation, and it the Indian tribe is a Wisconsin
5	tribe or band, the tribal agent of that tribe or band Indian tribe, the
6	dribal minus de parties a sent of that tribe
765	SECTION 218. 48.981 (3) (bm) 2. of the statutes is amended to read:
8	48.981 (3) (bm) 2. If the county department does not know with which
9	Indian tribe or band the child is affiliated, or with which Indian tribe or band the
10	Indian unborn child, when born, may be eligible for affiliation, or the child or
11/	expectant mother is not affiliated with mathe Indian (
12	tribe or band, the tribal agent serving the reservation or Ho-Chunk service area
13	where the child or expectant mother resides
14	SECTION 219. 48.981 (3) (bm) 3. of the statutes is amended to read:
15	48.981 (3) (bm) 3. If neither subd. 1. nor 2. applies, any tribal agent serving a
16	reservation or Ho-Chunk service area in the county department does not know with
17	which Indian tribe the Indian child is affiliated, or with which Indian tribe the Indian
18	unborn child, when born, may be eligible for affiliation, the secretary of the U.S.
19	department of the interior
20	<b>SECTION 220.</b> 48.981 (7) (a) 2. of the statutes is amended to read:
21_	48,981 (7) (a) 2. Appropriate staff of an agency or a tribal social services child
22	welfare department.
23	<b>SECTION 221.</b> 48.981 (7) (a) 10m. of the statutes is amended to read:
24	48.981 (7) (a) 10m. A tribal court, or other adjudicative body authorized by a
25	tribe or band an Indian tribe to perform child welfare functions, that exercises

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jurisdiction over children and unborn children alleged to be in need of protection or services for use in proceedings in which abuse or neglect of the child who is the subject of the report or record or abuse of the unborn child who is the subject of the report or record is an issue.

SECTION 222. 48.981 (7) (a) 10r. of the statutes is amended to read:

48.981 (7) (a) 10r. A tribal court, or other adjudicative body authorized by a tribe or band an Indian tribe to perform child welfare functions, that exercises jurisdiction over children alleged to be in need of protection or services for use in proceedings in which an issue is the substantial risk of abuse or neglect of a child who, during the time period covered by the report or record, was in the home of the child who is the subject of the report or record.

SECTION 223. 48.981 (7) (a) 11m. of the statutes is amended to read:

48.981 (7) (a) 11m. An attorney representing the interests of an Indian tribe or band in proceedings under subd. 10m. or 10r., of an Indian child in proceedings under subd. 10m. or 10r. or of an Indian unborn child in proceedings under subd. 10m.

SECTION 224. 48.981 (7) (am) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.981 (7) (am) Notwithstanding par. (a) (intro.), a tribal agent who receives notice under sub. (3) (bm) may disclose the notice to a tribal social services child welfare department.

SECTION 225. 48.981 (8) (a) of the statutes, as affected by 2007 Wisconsin Fot

20 is amended to read:

48.981 (8) (a) The department, the county departments, and a licensed child welfare agency under contract with the department in a county having a population of 500,000 or more to the extent feasible shall conduct continuing education and

training programs for staff of the department, the county departments, incenses
child welfare agencies under contract with the department or a county department,
law enforcement agencies, and the tribal social services child welfare departments,
persons and officials required to report, the general public, and others as
appropriate. The programs shall be designed to encourage reporting of child abuse
and neglect and of unborn child abuse, to encourage self-reporting and voluntary
acceptance of services and to improve communication, cooperation, and coordination
in the identification, prevention, and treatment of child abuse and neglect and of
unborn child abuse. Programs provided for staff of the department, county
departments, and licensed child welfare agencies under contract with county
departments or the department whose responsibilities include the investigation or
treatment of child abuse or neglect shall also be designed to provide information on
means of recognizing and appropriately responding to domestic abuse, as defined in
s. 49.165 (1) (a). The department, the county departments, and a licensed child
welfare agency under contract with the department in a county having a population
of 500,000 or more shall develop public information programs about child abuse and
neglect and about unborn child abuse.
SECTION 226. 48.983 (1) (b) 1. b. of the statutes, as affected by 2007 Wisconsin
Ast 20, is amended to read:
48.983 (1) (b) 1. b. An Indian child who has been the subject of a report under
s. 48.981 about which an Indian tribe that has received a grant under this section has
received notice, including but not limited to notice provided to a tribal agent under
s. 48 981 (3) (bm), and with respect to whom an individual designated by the Indian
tribe has determined that all of the conditions in subd. 2. exist.

	BILL GMM: like:pg  GMM: like:pg  GMM: like:pg  SECTION 233
	BILL (an Indian juvenile in neur of protoction or SECTION 233  Section 233  14 the subgret of
1	938.02 (8g) "Indian juvenile" means an unmarried person who is under 18
2	years of age and who is affiliated with an Indian tribe in any of the following ways:
3	(a) As a member of the Indian tribe.
4	(b) As a person who is eligible for membership in the Indian tribe and is the
5	biological child of a member of the Indian tribe.
6	SECTION 234. 938.02 (8m) of the statutes is created to read:
7	938.02 (8m) "Indian juvenile's tribe" means one of the following:
8	(a) The Indian tribe in which an Indian juvenile is a member or eligible for
9	membership.  (a) The Indian tribe in Which an Indian Juvenile is a member of engine for the temporary physical (wholy proceeding under 54, 931, 19 to 938.21
10	(b) In the case of an Indian juvenile who is a member of or eligible for
11	membership in more than one tribe, the Indian tribe with which the Indian juvenile
12	has the more significant contacts. of an Indian juvenile who is the subject
13	SECTION 235. 938.02 (8p) of the statutes is created to read:
14	938.02 (8p) "Indian custodian" means an Indian person who has legal custody
<b>1</b> 5	of an individual and or custom or under state law or to whom
16	temporary physical care, custody, and control has been transferred by the parent of
17)	juvenile.
18	SECTION 236. 938.02 (8r) of the statutes is created to read:
19	938.02 (8r) "Indian tribe" means any Indian tribe, band, nation, or other
20	organized group or community of Indians that is recognized as eligible for the
21	services provided to Indians by the U.S. secretary of the interior because of Indian
22	status, including any Alaska native village, as defined in 43 USC 1602 (c).
23	<b>SECTION 237.</b> 938.02 (9m) of the statutes is renumbered 938.02 (8b).
24	SECTION 238. 938.02 (10m) of the statutes is amended to read:

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938.02 (10m) "Juvenile", when used without further qualification, means a person who is less than 18 years of age, except that for purposes of investigating or prosecuting a person who is alleged to have violated a state or federal criminal law or any civil law or municipal ordinance, "juvenile" does not include a person who has attained 17 years of age.

**SECTION 239.** 938.02 (12m) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.02 (12m) "Off-reservation trust land" means land in this state that is held in trust by the federal government for the benefit of a <u>an Indian</u> tribe or <del>an American</del> Indian individual and that is located outside the boundaries of a <u>an Indian</u> tribe's reservation.

**Section 240.** 938.02 (13) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.02 (13) "Parent" means either a biological parent, a husband who has consented to the artificial insemination of his wife under s. 891.40, or a parent by adoption. If the juvenile is a nonmarital child who is not adopted or whose parents do not subsequently intermarry under s. 767.803, "parent" includes a person acknowledged under s. 767.805 or a substantially similar law of another state or adjudicated to be the biological father. "Parent" does not include any person whose parental rights have been terminated. For purposes of the application of s. 938.028 and the federal Indian Child Welfare Act, 26 USC 1901 to 1963, "parent" includes an Indian person who has lawfully adopted an Indian juvenile, including an adoption under tribal law or custom, but does not include a parent by adoption who is not an Indian person.

**SECTION 241.** 938.02 (15) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.02 (15) "Relative" means a parent, stepparent, brother, sister, stepbrother, stepsister, half brother, half sister, brother-in-law, sister-in-law, first cousin, 2nd

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938.028 Indian juvenile welfare. (1) DECLARATION OF POLICY. In Indian juvenile custody proceedings, the best interests of the Indian juvenile shall be determined consistent with the federal Indian Child Welfare Act, 25 USC 1901 to 1963. It is the policy of this state to do all of the following:

- (a) Cooperate fully with Indian tribes in order to ensure that the federal Indian Child Welfare Act is enforced in this state.
- (b) Protect the best interests of Indian juveniles and promote the stability and security of Indian tribes and families by doing all of the following:
- 1. Establishing minimum standards for the removal of Indian juveniles from their families and the placement of those juveniles in out-of-home care placements that will reflect the unique value of Indian culture.
- 2. Using practices, in accordance with the federal Indian Child Welfare Act, 25 USC 1901 to 1963, this section, and other applicable law, that are designed to prevent the voluntary or involuntary out-of-home care placement of Indian juveniles and, when an out-of-home care placement is necessary, placing an Indian juvenile in a placement that reflects the unique values of the Indian juvenile's tribal culture and that is best able to assist the Indian juvenile in establishing, developing, and maintaining a political, cultural, and social relationship with the Indian juvenile's tribe and tribal community.
  - (2) DEFINITIONS. In this section:
- (a) "Extended family member" means a person who is defined as a member of an Indian juvenile's extended family by the law or custom of the Indian juvenile's tribe or, in the absence of such a law or custom, a person who has attained the age of 18 years and who is the Indian juvenile's grandparent, aunt, uncle, brother, sister, brother-in-law, sister-in-law, niece, nephew, first cousin, 2nd cousin, or stepparent.
- (b) "Indian juvenile custody proceeding" means a proceeding under s. 938.13 (4), (6), (6m), or (7) that is governed by the federal Indian Child Welfare Act, 25 USC 1901 to 1963, in which an out-of-home care placement may occur.

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"Out-of-home care placement" means the removal of an Indian juvenile from his or her parent or Indian custodian for temporary placement in a foster home, treatment foster home, group home, residential care center for children and youth, or shelter care facility, in the home of a relative other than a parent, or in the home of a guardian, from which placement the parent or Indian custodian cannot have the out thome care placement dies not inclu juvenile returned upon demand. manage Indian juvenile in custody under

- (d) "Qualified expert witness" means a person who is any of the following:
- 1. A member of the Indian juvenile's tribe recognized by the Indian juvenile's tribal community as knowledgeable regarding the tribe's customs relating to family substantial organization or child-rearing practices.
- 2. A member of another tribe who is knowledgeable regarding the customs of the Indian juvenile's tribe relating to family organization or child-rearing practices.
- 3. A professional person having substantial education and experience in the person's professional spectal and having extensive knowledge of the customs, traditions, and values of the Indian juvenile's tribe relating to family organization and child-rearing practices.
- 4. A layperson having substantial experience in the delivery of juvenile and family services to Indians and substantial knowledge of the prevailing social and cultural standards and child-rearing practices of the Indian juvenile's tribe.
- (3) Jurisdiction over Indian Juvenile custody proceedings. (a) Applicability. This section and the federal Indian Child Welfare Act, 25 USC 1901 to 1963, apply to any Indian juvenile custody proceeding regardless of whether the Indian juvenile is in the legal custody or physical custody of an Indian parent, Indian custodian, extended family member, or other person at the commencement of the proceeding and whether the Indian juvenile resides or is domiciled on or off of a reservation. A (e) & Breserration wears Indian country, as defined in 18 456 1151, or any

covered under that section to which little is either held by the "United States

terest for the benefit of an Indian tribe or individual or held by an Indian tribe

Individual, subject to a restriction by the United States

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- court assigned to exercise jurisdiction under this chapter may not determine whether this section and the federal Indian Child Welfare Act, 25 USC 1901 to 1963, apply to an Indian juvenile custody proceeding based on whether the Indian juvenile is part of an existing Indian family.
- (b) Exclusive tribal jurisdiction. 1. An Indian tribe shall have exclusive jurisdiction over any Indian juvenile custody proceeding involving an Indian juvenile who resides or is domiciled within the reservation of the tribe, except when that jurisdiction is otherwise vested in the state by federal law and except as provided in subd. 2. If an Indian juvenile is a ward of a tribal court, the Indian tribe shall retain exclusive jurisdiction regardless of the residence or domicile of the juvenile.
- 2. Subdivision 1. does not prevent an Indian juvenile who resides or is domiciled within a reservation, but who is temporarily located off the reservation, from being taken into and held in custody under ss. 938.19 to 938.21 in order to prevent imminent physical harm or damage to the Indian juvenile. The person taking the Indian juvenile into custody or the intake worker shall immediately release the Indian juvenile from custody upon determining that holding the Indian juvenile in custody is no longer necessary to prevent imminent physical damage or harm to the Indian juvenile and shall expeditiously restore the Indian juvenile to his or her parent or Indian custodian, release the Indian juvenile to an appropriate official of the Indian juvenile's tribe, or initiate an Indian juvenile custody proceeding, as may be appropriate.
- (c) Transfer of proceedings to tribe. In any Indian juvenile custody proceeding under this chapter involving an out-of-home placement of an Indian juvenile who is not residing or domiciled within the reservation of the Indian juvenile's tribe, the

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evidence.

- court assigned to exercise jurisdiction under this chapter shall, upon the petition of the Indian juvenile's parent, Indian custodian, or tribe, transfer the proceeding to the jurisdiction of the tribe unless any of the following applies:
  - 1. A parent of the Indian juvenile objects to the transfer.
  - 2. The Indian juvenile's tribe does not have a tribal court or tribal court of the Indian juvenile's tribe declines jurisdiction.
  - 3. The court determines that good cause exists to deny the transfer. The court may determine that good cause exists to deny the transfer only if the person opposing the transfer shows to the satisfaction of the court and of the following.
  - a. That the indian juvenile is 12 years of age or over and objects to the transfer.

    b. That the evidence or testimony necessary to decide the case cannot be presented in tribal court without undue hardship to the parties or the witnesses and
  - that the tribal court is unable to mitigate the hardship by making arrangements to receive the evidence or testimony by use of telephone or live audiovisual means, by hearing the evidence or testimony at a location that is convenient to the parties and witnesses, or by use of other means permissible under the tribal court's rules of
  - (d) Declination of jurisdiction. If the court assigned to exercise jurisdiction under this chapter determines that the petitioner in an Indian juvenile custody proceeding has improperly removed the Indian juvenile from the custody of his or her parent or Indian custodian or has improperly retained custody of the Indian juvenile after a visit or other temporary relinquishment of custody, the court shall decline jurisdiction over the petition and immediately return the Indian juvenile to the custody of the parent or Indian custodian, unless the court determines that returning

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the Indian juvenile to his or her parent or Indian custodian would subject the Indian juvenile to substantial and immediate danger or the threat of that danger.

- (e) *Intervention*. An Indian juvenile's Indian custodian or tribe may intervene at any point in an Indian juvenile custody proceeding under this chapter.
- (f) Full faith and credit. The state shall give full faith and credit to the public acts, records, and judicial proceedings of any Indian tribe that are applicable to an Indian juvenile custody proceeding to the same extent that the state gives full faith and credit to the public acts, records, and judicial proceedings of any other governmental entity.
- (4) COURT PROCEEDINGS. (a) Notice. In any involuntary proceeding under s. 938.13 (4), (6), (6m), or (7) involving the out of-home care placement of a juvenile whom the court knows or has reason to know is an Indian juvenile, the wanter party seeking the out-of-home care placement shall for the first hearing fact finding, and dispositional stages of the proceeding, notify the Indian juvenile's parent, Indian custodian, and tribe, by certified mail of the pending proceeding and of their right to intervene in the proceeding. Notice of subsequent hearings in a stage. proceeding shall be in writing and may be given by mail, personal delivery, or facsimile transmission, but not by electronic mail. If the identity or location of the Indian juvenile's parent, Indian custodian, or tribe cannot be determined, that notice shall be given to the U.S. secretary of the interior in like manner. The text hearing in the proceeding may not be held until at least 10 days after receipt of the notice by the parent, Indian custodian, and tribe or until at least Mays after receipt of the notice by the U.S. secretary of the interior. On request of the parent, Indian custodian, or tribe, the court shall grant a continuance of up to 20 additional days to enable the requester to prepare for that hearing.

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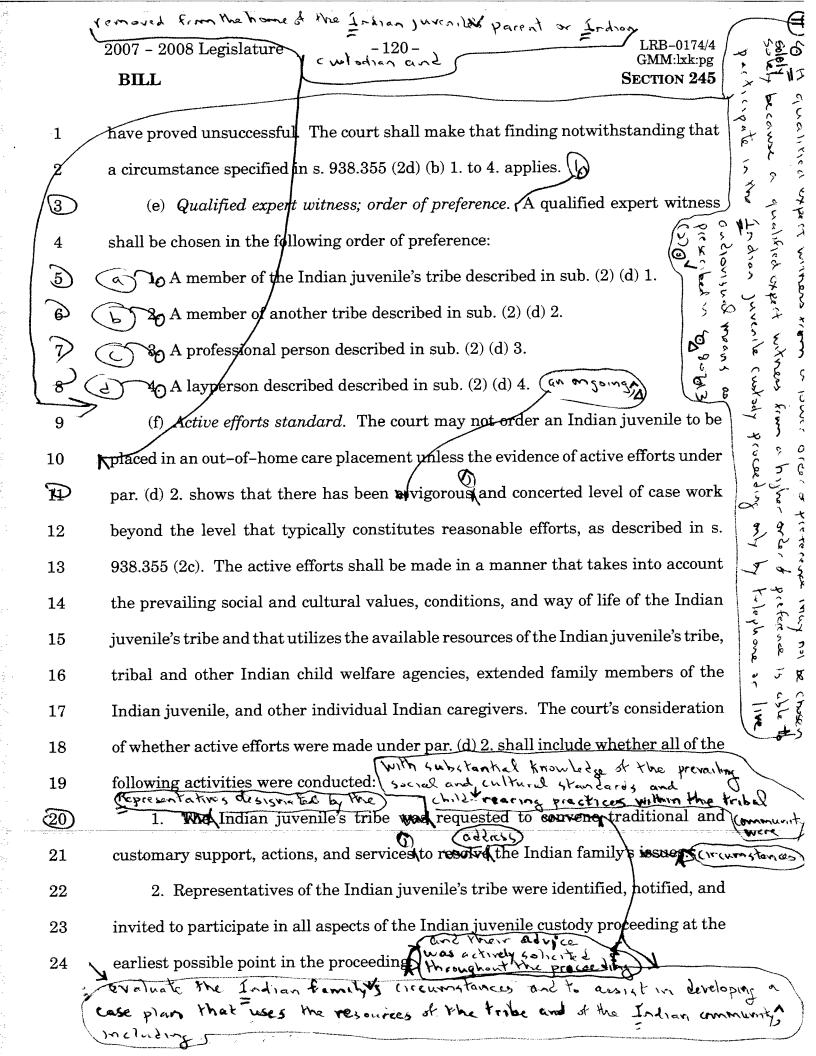
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of his or her parent or Indian custodian BILL

- (b) Appointment of counsel. Whenever an Indian juvenile is the subject of a proceeding under s. 938.13 (4), (6m), or (7) involving the removal of the Indian juvenile from home or the placement of the Indian juvenile in an out-of-home care placement, the Indian juvenile's parent or Indian custodian shall have the right to be represented by court-appointed counsel as provided in s. 938.23 (2g). The court may also, in its discretion, appoint counsel for the Indian juvenile under s. 938.23 (1m) or (3) if the court finds that the appointment is in the best interests of the Indian juvenile.
  - (c) Examination of reports and other documents. Each party to a proceeding under s. 938.13 (4), (6), (6m), or (7) involving the out-of-home care placement of an Indian juvenile shall have the right to examine all reports or other documents filed with the court upon which any decision with respect to the out-of-home care placement may be based.
  - (d) Out-of-home care placement; serious damage and active efforts. The court may not order an Indian juvenile who is in need of protection or services under s. 938.13 (4), (6), (6m), or (7) to be removed from the Indian juvenile's such and placed in an out-of-home care placement unless all of the following occur:
  - 1. The court finds by clear and convincing evidence, including the testimony of one or more qualified expert witnesses chosen in the order of preference listed in par. (e), that continued custody of the Indian juvenile by the parent or Indian custodian is likely to result in serious emotional or physical damage to the juvenile.
  - 2. The court finds by clear and principle overland that active efforts, as described in par. (f), have been made to provide remedial services and rehabilitation programs designed to prevent the breakup of the Indian family and that those efforts



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3. Extended family members of the Indian juvenile were consulted to identify
and provide family structure and support for the Indian juvenil
4. Property disitation was made to the Indian jove siles home.
5. Contact was made with extended family members of the Indian juvenile to
assure appropriate cultural connections. (Antegies culturally)
6. All family preservation alternatives appropriate to the Indian juvenile's
tribe were explanated employed
7. Community resources offering housing, financial, and transportation
assistance were identified, information about those resources was provided to the
Indian family, and the Indian family was actively assisted in accessing those
to the tracking kind
recourses
resources.
resources.  (5) Invalidation of action. Any Indian juvenile in need of protection or services
resources.
(5) Invalidation of action. Any Indian juvenile in need of protection or services
(5) Invalidation of action. Any Indian juvenile in need of protection or services under s. 938.13 (4), (6), (6m), or (7) who is the subject of an out-of-home care
(5) Invalidation of action. Any Indian juvenile in need of protection or services under s. 938.13 (4), (6), (6m), or (7) who is the subject of an out-of-home care placement, any parent or Indian custodian from whose custody that Indian juvenile
(5) Invalidation of action. Any Indian juvenile in need of protection or services under s. 938.13 (4), (6), (6m), or (7) who is the subject of an out-of-home care placement, any parent or Indian custodian from whose custody that Indian juvenile was removed, or the Indian juvenile's tribe may move the court to invalidate that
(5) Invalidation of action. Any Indian juvenile in need of protection or services under s. 938.13 (4), (6), (6m), or (7) who is the subject of an out-of-home care placement, any parent or Indian custodian from whose custody that Indian juvenile was removed, or the Indian juvenile's tribe may move the court to invalidate that out-of-home care placement on the grounds that the out-of-home care placement
(5) Invalidation of action. Any Indian juvenile in need of protection or services under s. 938.13 (4), (6), (6m), or (7) who is the subject of an out-of-home care placement, any parent or Indian custodian from whose custody that Indian juvenile was removed, or the Indian juvenile's tribe may move the court to invalidate that out-of-home care placement on the grounds that the out-of-home care placement was made in violation of \$10.03 (4) (4) (4) (5) USC 1911 or 1912. If the court finds that
(5) Invalidation of action. Any Indian juvenile in need of protection or services under s. 938.13 (4), (6), (6m), or (7) who is the subject of an out-of-home care placement, any parent or Indian custodian from whose custody that Indian juvenile was removed, or the Indian juvenile's tribe may move the court to invalidate that out-of-home care placement on the grounds that the out-of-home care placement was made in violation of \$10.03. And \$25 USC 1911 or 1912. If the court finds that those grounds exist, the court shall invalidate the out-of-home care placement.
(5) Invalidation of action. Any Indian juvenile in need of protection or services under s. 938.13 (4), (6), (6m), or (7) who is the subject of an out-of-home care placement, any parent or Indian custodian from whose custody that Indian juvenile was removed, or the Indian juvenile's tribe may move the court to invalidate that out-of-home care placement on the grounds that the out-of-home care placement was made in violation of \$100.30 and \$25 USC 1911 or 1912. If the court finds that those grounds exist, the court shall invalidate the out-of-home care placement.  (6) Placement of Indian Juvenile. (a) Out-of-home care placement;
(5) Invalidation of action. Any Indian juvenile in need of protection or services under s. 938.13 (4), (6), (6m), or (7) who is the subject of an out-of-home care placement, any parent or Indian custodian from whose custody that Indian juvenile was removed, or the Indian juvenile's tribe may move the court to invalidate that out-of-home care placement on the grounds that the out-of-home care placement was made in violation of \$100.00 (25 USC 1911 or 1912. If the court finds that those grounds exist, the court shall invalidate the out-of-home care placement.  (6) Placement of Indian juvenile in need of protection or services under s. 938 13 (4),

in placing such an Indian juvenile in an out-of-home care placement, preference

Arrangements were made to provide natural and unsupervised family
interaction in the most natural setting that can ensure the Indian juveniles safet
as appropriate to the goals of the Indian juveniles permanency plans meluding
acrangements for transportation and other assistance to enable family thembers to

juvenile's home, taking into account those special needs. Subject to pars. (b) to (d),

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shall be given, in the absence of good cause, as described in par. (d), to the contrary, to a placement in one of the following, in the order of preference listed:

- 1. The home of an extended family member of the Indian juvenile.
- 2. A foster home or treatment foster home licensed, approved, or specified by the Indian juvenile's tribe.
- 3. An Indian foster home or treatment foster home licensed or approved by the department, a county department, or a child welfare agency.
- 4. A group home or residential care center for children and youth approved by an Indian tribe or operated by an Indian organization that has a program suitable to meet the needs of the Indian juvenile.
- (b) Tribal or personal preferences. In the Indian juvenile's tribe has established, by resolution, an order of preference that is different from the order specified in par.

  (a) the order of preference established by that tribe shall be followed, in the absence of good cause, as described in par. (d), to the contrary, so long as the placement is the least restrictive setting appropriate for the Indian juvenile's needs as specified in par. (a). When appropriate, the preference of the Indian juvenile or parent shall be considered, and, when a parent who has consented to the placement evidences a desire for anonymity, that desire shall be given weight, in determining the placement.
- (c) Social and cultural standards. The standards to be applied in meeting the placement preference requirements of this subsection shall be the prevailing social and cultural standards of the Indian community in which the Indian juvenile's parents or extended family members reside or with which the Indian juvenile's parents or extended family members maintain social and cultural ties.

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Indian juvenile's tribe.

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1	(d) Good cause. 1.	Whether there is good cause to depart f	from the order of
2	placement preference und	ler par. (a) or (b) shall be determined bas	sed on any one or
3	more of the following cons	siderations:	
4	a. When appropriate	, the request of the Indian juvenile's parer	nt or, if the Indian
5	juvenile is of sufficient ag	e and developmental level to make an in	nformed decision,
6	the Indian juvenile, unle	ess the request is made for the purpose	e of avoiding the
7	application of this section	and the federal Indian Child Welfare Act	t, 26 USC 1901 to
8	1963.	Srt)	
9	b. Any extraordinary	y physical, mental, or emotional health ne	eeds of the Indian
10	juvenile requiring highly	y specialized treatment services as est	tablished by the
11)	testimony of an export wi	tness, including a qualified expert witne	ess. The length of
12	time that an Indian juver	nile has been in a placement does not, in	itself, constitute
13	an extraordinary emotion	al health need.	(dilie
14	c. The unavailability	y of a suitable placement for the Indian juv	venile after active
13	efforts, as described in sul	(4) (f) have been made to place the Indi	an juvenile in the
16	order of preference under	par. (a) or (b).	
17	2. The burden of est	ablishing good cause to depart from the o	rder of placement
18	preference under par. (a)	or (b) shall be on the party requesting the	hat departure.
19	(e) Report of placeme	ent. The department of health and family	services, a county
20	department, or a child we	elfare agency shall maintain a record of e	each out-of-home
21	care placement made of a	an Indian juvenile who is in need of prot	ection or services
99	under a 938 13 (4) (6) (6	Sm) or (7) evidencing the efforts made to	o comply with the

placement preference requirements specified in this subsection, and shall make that

record available at any time on the request of the U.S. secretary of the interior or the

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Indian juvenile who is in need of protection or services under s. 938.13 (4), (6), (6m), or (7) is removed from an out-of-home care placement for the purpose of placing the Indian juvenile in another out-of-home care placement, a preadoptive placement, as defined in s. 48.028 (2) (f), or an adoptive placement, as defined in s. 48.028 (2) (a), the placement shall be made in accordance with this section and s. 48.028. Removal of such an Indian juvenile from an out-of-home care placement for the purpose of returning the Indian juvenile to the home of the parent or Indian custodian from whose custody the Indian juvenile was originally removed is not subject to this section.

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- (8) Higher State or Federal Standard applicable. The federal Indian Child Welfare Act, 25 USC 1911 to 1963, supersedes this chapter in any Indian juvenile custody proceeding governed by that act, except that in any case in which this chapter provides a higher standard of protection for the rights of an Indian juvenile's parent or Indian custodian than the rights provided under that act, the court shall apply the standard under this chapter.
- (9) RULES. The department shall promulgate rules to implement and administer this section and the federal Indian Child Welfare Act, 25 USC 1901 to 1963.

SECTION 246. 938.13 (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.13 Jurisdiction over juveniles alleged to be in need of protection or services. (intro.) The Except as provided in s. 938.028 (3), the court has exclusive original jurisdiction over a juvenile alleged to be in need of protection or services which can be ordered by the court if any of the following conditions applies:

**Section 247.** 938.15 of the statutes is amended to read:

1	938.15 Jurisdiction of other courts to determine legal custody. Nothing
2	Except as provided in s. 938.028 (3), nothing in this chapter deprives another court
(3)	of the right to determine the legal custody uvenile by habeas corpus or to determine
4	the legal custody or guardianship of a juvenile if the legal custody or guardianship
5	is incidental to the determination of an action pending in that court. But Except as
6	provided in s. 938.028 (3), the jurisdiction of the court assigned to exercise
7	jurisdiction under this chapter and ch. 48 is paramount in all cases involving
8	juveniles alleged to come within the provisions of ss. 938.12 to 938.14.
9	SECTION 248. 938.185 (4) (title) of the statutes is amended to read:
10	938.185 (4) (title) American Indian Juveniles.
11	SECTION 249. 938.185 (4) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:
12	938.185 (4) (intro.) Venue for a proceeding under s. $938.12$ or $938.13$ (12) based
13	on an allegation that an American Indian juvenile has committed a delinquent act
14	may not be in the county specified in sub. (1) (a), unless that county is specified in
15	sub. (1) (b) or (c), if all of the following circumstances apply:
16	SECTION 250. 938.185 (4) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:
17	938.185 (4) (a) At the time of the alleged delinquent act the juvenile was under
18	an order of a tribe's tribal court, other than a tribal court order relating to adoption,
19	physical placement or visitation with the juvenile's parent, or permanent
20	guardianship.
21	SECTION 251. 938.185 (4) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:
22	938.185 (4) (b) At the time of the alleged delinquent act the juvenile was
23	physically outside the boundaries of that tribe's the reservation of the Indian tribe
24	of the tribal court and any off-reservation trust land of either that Indian tribe or a

member of that <u>Indian</u> tribe as a direct consequence of a tribal court order under par.

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(a), including a tribal court order placing the juvenile in the home of a relative of the juvenile who on or after the date of the tribal court order resides physically outside the boundaries of a reservation and off-reservation trust land.

**SECTION 252.** 938.19 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.19 (2) Notification of Parent, Guardian, Legal custodian. Indian custodian of the juvenile is taken into physical custody under this section, the person taking the juvenile into custody shall immediately attempt to notify the parent, guardian, and legal custodian, and Indian custodian of the juvenile by the most practical means. The person taking the juvenile into custody shall continue such attempt until the parent, guardian, and legal custodian, and Indian custodian of the juvenile are notified, or the juvenile is delivered to an intake worker under s. 938.20 (3), whichever occurs first. If the juvenile is delivered to the intake worker before the parent, guardian, and legal custodian, and Indian custodian are notified, the intake worker, or another person at his or her direction, shall continue the attempt to notify until the parent, guardian, and legal custodian, and Indian custodian are notified.

SECTION 253. 938.20 (2) (ag) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.20 (2) (ag) Except as provided in pars. (b) to (g), a person taking a juvenile into custody shall make every effort to release the juvenile immediately to the juvenile's parent, guardian or, legal custodian, or Indian custodian.

SECTION 254. 938.20 (2) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.20 (2) (b) If the juvenile's parent, guardian ex, legal custodian, or Indian custodian is unavailable, unwilling, or unable to provide supervision for the juvenile, the person who took the juvenile into custody may release the juvenile to a responsible adult after counseling or warning the juvenile as may be appropriate.

**SECTION 255.** 938.20 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:

Quantum Of Release. If the juvenile is released under sub. (2) (b) to (d) or (g), the person who took the juvenile into custody shall immediately notify the juvenile's parent, guardian, and legal custodian, and Indian custodian of the time and circumstances of the release and the person, if any, to whom the juvenile was released. If the juvenile is not released under sub. (2), the person who took the juvenile into custody shall arrange in a manner determined by the court and law enforcement agencies for the juvenile to be interviewed by the intake worker under s. 938.067 (2). The person who took the juvenile into custody shall make a statement in writing with supporting facts of the reasons why the juvenile was taken into physical custody and shall give a copy of the statement to the intake worker and to any juvenile 10 years of age or older. If the intake interview is not done in person, the report may be read to the intake worker.

**Section 256.** 938.20 (7) (c) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:

938.20 (7) (c) 1. To a parent, guardian, or legal custodian, or Indian custodian, or to a responsible adult if the parent, guardian, or legal custodian, or Indian custodian is unavailable, unwilling, or unable to provide supervision for the juvenile, counseling or warning the juvenile as may be appropriate; or, if the juvenile is 15 years of age or older, without immediate adult supervision, counseling or warning the juvenile as may be appropriate.

**SECTION 257.** 938.20 (7) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.20 (7) (d) If the juvenile is released from custody, the intake worker shall immediately notify the juvenile's parent, guardian and, legal custodian, and Indian

1	custodian of the time and circumstances of the release and the person, if any, to whom
2	the juvenile was released.  Proceedings to defined in 50,1380029 (2)(b)
3	SECTION 258. 938.20 (8) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:
4	938.20 (8) (a) If a juvenile is held in custody, the intake worker shall notify the
5	juvenile's parent, guardian, and legal custodian, and Indian custodian of the reasons
6	for holding the juvenile in custody and of the juvenile's whereabouts unless there is
7	reason to believe that notice would present imminent danger to the juvenile. The
8	parent/guardian, and legal custodian, and Indian custodian shall also be notified of
9	the time and place of the detention hearing required under s. 938.21, the nature and
10	possible consequences of the hearing, and the right to present and cross-examine
11	witnesses at the hearing, and, in the case of a parent or Indian custodian of an Indian
<b>Z</b> 2	juvenile, the right to counsel under s. 938.028 (4) (b). If the parent, guardian, or legal
,13 1	custodian, or Indian custodian is not immediately available, the intake worker or
14/28	another person designated by the court shall provide notice as soon as possible.
15	SECTION 259. 938.21 (2) (title) of the statutes is amended to read:
16	938.21 (2) (title) Proceedings concerning runaway or delinquent juveniles.
17	SECTION 260. 938.21 (2) (ag) of the statutes is amended to read:
18	938.21 (2) (ag) Proceedings concerning a juvenile who comes within the
19	jurisdiction of the court under s. 938.12 or 938.13 $\frac{70 \text{ or } (12) \text{ or } (14)}{120 \text{ or } (14)}$ shall be conducted
20	according to this subsection.
21	SECTION 261. 938.21 (3) (ag) of the statutes is amended to read:
22	938.21 (3) (ag) Proceedings concerning a juvenile who comes within the
23	jurisdiction of the court under s. 938.13 (4), (6), (6m), or $(14)$ $(7)$ shall be conducted
24	according to this subsection.

SECTION 262. 938.21 (3) (am) of the statutes is amended to read:

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938.21 (3) (am) The parent, guardian, or legal custodian, or Indian custodian
may waive his or her right to participate in the hearing under this section. After any
waiver, a rehearing shall be granted at the request of the parent, guardian, legal
custodian, Indian custodian, or any other interested party for good cause shown.
SECTION 263. 938.21 (3) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:
938.21 (3) (b) If present at the hearing, a copy of the petition or request shall
be given to the parent, guardian, or legal custodian, or Indian custodian, and to the
juvenile if he or she is 12 years of age or older, before the hearing begins. Prior notice
of the hearing shall be given to the juvenile's parent, guardian, and legal custodian,
and Indian custodian and to the juvenile if he or she is 12 years of age or older under
s. 938.20 (8). The subject of an Indian juvenile custody proceeding as defined in so (9380028 (2) (b)
SECTION 264. 938.21 (3) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:
938.21 (3) (d) Prior to the commencement of the hearing, the court shall inform
the parent, guardian, or legal custodian, or Indian custodian of the allegations that
have been made or may be made, the nature and possible consequences of this
hearing as compared to possible future hearings, the right to present, confront, and
cross-examine witnesses, and the right to present witnesses and, in the case of a
parent or Indian custodian of an Indian juvenile, the right to counsel under s.
938.028 (4) (b).
<b>Section 265.</b> 938.21 (3) (e) of the statutes is amended to read:
938.21 (3) (e) If the parent, guardian, er legal custodian, Indian custodian, or
the juvenile is not represented by counsel at the hearing and if the juvenile is
continued in custody as a result of the hearing, the parent, guardian, legal custodian,
Indian custodian, or juvenile may request through counsel subsequently appointed

or retained or through a guardian ad litem that the order to hold the juvenile in

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custody be reheard. If the request is made, a rehearing shall take place as soon as possible. An order to hold the juvenile in custody shall be reheard for good cause, whether or not counsel was present.

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**SECTION 266.** 938.21 (5) (d) 1. of the statutes is renumbered 938.21 (5) (d) and amended to read:

938.21 (5) (d) If the court finds that any of the circumstances specified in s. 938.355 (2d) (b) 1. to 4. applies with respect to a parent, the court shall hold a hearing under s. 938.38 (4m) within 30 days after the date of that finding to determine the permanency plan for the juvenile. If a hearing is held under this subdivision, the agency responsible for preparing the permanency plan shall file the permanency plan with the court not less than 5 days before the date of the hearing.

**SECTION 267.** 938.21 (5) (d) 2. of the statutes is repealed.

**SECTION 268.** 938.21 (5) (d) 3. of the statutes is repealed.

**SECTION 269.** 938.23 (2g) of the statutes is created to read:

938.23 (2g) RIGHT OF INDIAN JUVENILE'S PARENT OR INDIAN CUSTODIAN TO COUNSEL.

Whenever an Indian juvenile is the subject of a proceeding under s. 938.13 (4), (6), (6m), or (7) involving the removal of the Indian juvenile from placement of the Indian juvenile in an out-of-home care placement, the Indian juvenile's parent or Indian custodian shall have the right to be represented by pour 12 pointed counsel as provided in sub. (4).

**SECTION 270.** 938.23 (4) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.23 (4) Providing counsel. If a juvenile has a right to be represented by counsel or is provided counsel at the discretion of the court under this section and counsel is not knowingly and voluntarily waived, the court shall refer the juvenile to the state public defender and counsel shall be appointed by the state public

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defender under s. 977.08 without a determination of indigency. <u>In any situation</u>
under sub. (2g) in which a parent 18 years of age or over is entitled to representation
by counsel; counsel is not knowingly and voluntarily waived; and it appears that the
parent is unable to afford counsel in full, or the parent so indicates; the court shall
refer the parent to the authority for indigency determinations specified under s.
977.07 (1). In any other situation under this section in which a person has a right
to be represented by counsel or is provided counsel at the discretion of the court,
competent and independent counsel shall be provided and reimbursed in any
manner suitable to the court regardless of the person's ability to pay, except that the
court may not order a person who files a petition under s. 813.122 or 813.125 to
reimburse counsel for the juvenile who is named as the respondent in that petition.
<b>SECTION 271.</b> 938.235 (4) (a) 7. of the statutes is amended to read:
938.235 (4) (a) 7. Petition for relief from a judgment terminating parental
rights under s. <u>48.028 or</u> 48.46.
SECTION 272. 938.24 (2r) (title) of the statutes is amended to read:
938.24 (2r) (title) AMERICAN INDIAN JUVENILE; NOTIFICATION OF TRIBAL COURT.
SECTION 273. 938.24 (2r) (a) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:
938.24 (2r) (a) (intro.) If the intake worker determines as a result of the intake

938.24 (2r) (a) (intro.) If the intake worker determines as a result of the intake inquiry that the juvenile is an American Indian juvenile who has allegedly committed a delinquent act and that all of the following circumstances apply, the intake worker shall promptly notify the clerk of the tribal court under subd. 1., a person who serves as the tribal juvenile intake worker, or a tribal prosecuting attorney that the juvenile has allegedly committed a delinquent act under those circumstances:

Section 274. 938.24 (2r) (a) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:

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938.24 (2r) (a) 1. At the time of the delinquent act the juvenile was under an order of a tribe's tribal court, other than a tribal court order relating to adoption, physical placement or visitation with the juvenile's parent, or permanent guardianship.

**SECTION 275.** 938.24 (2r) (a) 2. of the statutes is amended to read:

938.24 (2r) (a) 2. At the time of the delinquent act the juvenile was physically outside the boundaries of that tribe's the reservation of the Indian tribe of the tribal court and any off-reservation trust land of either that Indian tribe or a member of that Indian tribe as a direct consequence of a tribal court order under subd. 1., including a tribal court order placing the juvenile in the home of a relative of the juvenile who on or after the date of the tribal court order resides physically outside the boundaries of a reservation and off-reservation trust land.

**SECTION 276.** 938.24 (2r) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.24 (2r) (b) If the intake worker is notified by an official of the <u>Indian</u> tribe that a petition relating to the delinquent act has been or may be filed in tribal court, the intake worker shall consult with tribal officials, unless the intake worker determines under sub. (4) that the case should be closed. After the consultation, the intake worker shall determine whether the best interests of the juvenile and of the public would be served by having the matter proceed solely in tribal court. If the intake worker determines that the best interests of the juvenile and of the public would be served by having the matter proceed solely in tribal court, the intake worker shall close the case. If the intake worker determines that the best interests of the juvenile and of the public would not be served by having the matter proceed solely in tribal court, the intake worker shall proceed under sub. (3) or (4).

**Section 277.** 938.243 (1) (e) of the statutes is amended to read:

1	938.243 (1) (e) The right of the juvenile to counsel under s. 938.23.
2	SECTION 278. 938.25 (2g) (title) of the statutes is amended to read:
3	938.25 (2g) (title) AMERICAN INDIAN JUVENILE; CONSULTATION WITH TRIBAL COURT.
4	SECTION 279. 938.255 (1) (cm) of the statutes is amended to read:
5	938.255 (1) (cm) If the petition is initiating proceedings other than proceedings
6	under s. 938.12, 938.125 or 938.13 (12) under s. 938.13 (4), (6), (6m), or (7), whether
7	the juvenile may be subject to the federal Indian Child Welfare Act, $25~\mathrm{USC}~1901$ to
8	1963, and, if the juvenile may be subject to that act, the names and addresses of the
9	juvenile's Indian custodian, if any, and Indian tribe, if known.
10	SECTION 280. 938.255 (1) (cr) 1. a. of the statutes is amended to read:
11	938.255 (1) (cr) 1. a. The juvenile is an American Indian juvenile.
12	SECTION 281. 938.255 (1) (cr) 1. b. of the statutes is amended to read:
13	938.255 (1) (cr) 1. b. At the time of the alleged delinquent act, the juvenile was
14	under an order of a tribe's tribal court, other than a tribal court order relating to
15	adoption, physical placement or visitation with the juvenile's parent, or permanent
16	guardianship.
17	SECTION 282. 938.255 (1) (cr) 1. c. of the statutes is amended to read:
18	938.255 (1) (cr) 1. c. At the time of the delinquent act the juvenile was
19	physically outside the boundaries of that tribe's the reservation of the Indian tribe
20	of the tribal court and any off-reservation trust land of either that <u>Indian</u> tribe or a
21	member of that Indian tribe as a direct consequence of a tribal court order under
22	subd. 1.b., including a tribal court order placing the juvenile in the home of a relative
23	of the juvenile who on or after the date of the tribal court order resides physically
24	outside the boundaries of a reservation and off-reservation trust land.
25	<b>SECTION 283.</b> 938.255 (1) (cr) 2. of the statutes is amended to read:

be given to the juvenile and to the parents, guardian, legal custodian and physical

custodian. If the juvenile is an Indian juvenile who is alleged to come within the

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provisions of s. 938.13 (4), (6), (6m), or (7), a copy of the petition shall also be given to the Indian juvenile's Indian custodian and tribe.

**SECTION 287.** 938.27 (3) (a) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:

938.27 (3) (a) 1. The court shall notify, under s. 938.273, the juvenile, any parent, guardian, and legal custodian of the juvenile, any foster parent, treatment foster parent, or other physical custodian described in s. 48.62 (2) of the juvenile, and any person specified in par. (b) or (d), if applicable, of all hearings involving the juvenile under this subchapter, except hearings on motions for which notice must be provided only to the juvenile and his or her counsel. If parents entitled to notice have the same place of residence, notice to one constitutes notice to the other. The first notice to any interested party, foster parent, treatment foster parent, or other physical custodian described in s. 48.62 (2) shall be in writing and may have a copy of the petition attached to it. Notices of subsequent hearings may be given by telephone at least 72 hours before the time of the hearing. The person giving telephone notice shall place in the case file a signed statement of the date and time notice was given and the person to whom he or she spoke.

SECTION 288. 938.27 (3) (d) of the statutes is created to read: her parent or 938.27 (3) (d) If the petition that was filed relates to facts concerning a situation under s. 938.13 (4), (6), (6m), or (7) involving an Indian juvenile, the court shall notify, under s. 938.273, the Indian juvenile's Indian custodian and tribe and that Indian custodian or tribe may intervene at any point in the proceeding.

**SECTION 289.** 938.27 (4) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.27 (4) (b) Advise the juvenile and any other party, if applicable, of his or her right to legal counsel regardless of ability to pay.

**SECTION 290.** 938.273 (1) (a) of the statutes of the statutes is amended to read:

as follows:

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SECTION	290

1	938.273 (1) (a) Service Except as provided in pars. (ag), (ar), and (b), service of
2	summons or notice required by s. 938.27 may be made by mailing a copy of the
3	summons or notice to the persons person summoned or notified. If
4	(ar) Except as provided in par. (b), if the persons person, other than a person
5	specified in s. 938.27 (4m), fail fails to appear at the hearing or otherwise to
6	acknowledge service, a continuance shall be granted, except as provided war. (b),
7	and service shall be made personally by delivering to the persons person a copy of the
8	summons or notice; except that if the court determines that it is impracticable to
9	serve the summons or notice personally, it the court may order service by certified
10	mail addressed to the last-known addresses address of the persons person.
11	<b>SECTION 291.</b> 938.273 (1) (ag) of the statutes is created to read:
12)	938.273 (1) (ag) In a pasce of this parter of 988.18 (4) (6) (6) (6) (7) (8) (1) (1)
13	summons or notice required by s. 938.27 to an Indian juvenile's parent, Indian
14	custodian, or tribe shall be made as provided in s. 938.028 (4) (a).
15	SECTION 292. 938.273 (1) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:
16	938.273 (1) (b) The court may refuse to grant a continuance when the juvenile
17	is being held in secure custody, but if the court so refuses, it the court shall order that
18	service of notice of the next hearing be made personally or by certified mail to the
19	last-known address of the person who failed to appear at the hearing.
20	<b>SECTION 293.</b> 938.273 (1) (c) of the statutes is renumbered 938.273 (1) (c)
21	(intro.) and amended to read:
22	938.273 (1) (c) (intro.) Personal service shall be made at least 72 hours before
23	the hearing. Mail shall be sent at least 7 days before the hearing, except that when

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with the tribal court in which the other proceeding is or may be pending to discuss which court is the more appropriate forum.

SECTION 298 938.299 (10) of the statutes is created to read:

938.299 (10) If at any point in a proceeding under s. 938.13 (4), (6), (6m), or (7) the court determines that the juvenile is the juvenile is an Indian juvenile, the court shall provide notice of the proceeding to the juvenile's parent, Indian custodian, and tribe in the manner specified in s. 938.028 (4) (a). The next hearing in the proceeding may not be held until at least 10 days after receipt of the notice by the parent, Indian custodian, and tribe or until at least days after receipt of the notice by the U.S. secretary of the interior. On request of the parent, Indian custodian, or tribe, the court shall grant a continuance of up to 20 additional days to enable the requester to prepare for that hearing.

**SECTION 299.** 938.30 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.30 (1) Time of Hearing. Except as provided in this subsection and s. 938.299 (10), the hearing to determine the juvenile's plea to a citation or a petition under s. 938.12, 938.125, or 938.13 (12) or (14), or to determine whether any party wishes to contest an allegation that the juvenile is in need of protection or services under s. 938.13 (4), (6), (6m), or (7) or (14) shall take place on a date which allows reasonable time for the parties to prepare but is within 30 days after the filing of a petition or issuance of a citation for a juvenile who is not being held in secure custody or within 10 days after the filing of a petition or issuance of a citation for a juvenile who is being held in secure custody. In a municipal court operated jointly by 2 or more cities, towns or villages under s. 755.01 (4), the hearing to determine the juvenile's plea shall take place within 45 days after the filing of a petition or issuance of a citation for a juvenile who is not being held in secure custody.

SECTION 300.	938.30	(2) o	f the	statutes	is	amended	to	read:
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938.30 (2) Information to Juvenile and parents; Basic Rights; Substitution. At or before the commencement of the hearing under this section the juvenile and the parent, guardian, or legal custodian, or Indian custodian shall be advised of their rights as specified in s. 938.243 and shall be informed that the hearing shall be to the court and that a request for a substitution of judge under s. 938.29 must be made before the end of the plea hearing or is waived. Nonpetitioning parties, including the juvenile, shall be granted a continuance of the plea hearing if they wish to consult with an attorney on the request for a substitution of a judge.

SECTION 301. 938.30 (6) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.30 (6) (a) If a petition is not contested, the court, subject to s. 938.299 (10), shall set a date for the dispositional hearing which allows reasonable time for the parties to prepare but is no more than 10 days from the plea hearing for a juvenile who is held in secure custody and no more than 30 days from the plea hearing for a juvenile who is not held in secure custody. If all parties consent the court may proceed immediately with the dispositional hearing. If a citation is not contested, the court may proceed immediately to enter a dispositional order.

**SECTION 302.** 938.30 (7) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.30 (7) Contested petitions or citations; date for fact-finding hearing. If the petition or citation is contested, the court, subject to s. 938.299 (10), shall set a date for the fact-finding hearing that allows a reasonable time for the parties to prepare but is no more than 20 days from after the plea hearing for a juvenile who is held in secure custody and no more than 30 days from after the plea hearing for a juvenile who is not held in secure custody.

**SECTION 303.** 938.305 of the statutes is amended to read:

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Hearing upon the involuntary removal of a juvenile. 938.305 Notwithstanding other time periods for hearings under this chapter, if a juvenile is removed from the physical custody of the juvenile's parent or guardian under s. 938.19(1)(c) or (d) 5. without the consent of the parent or guardian, the court, subject to s. 938.299 (10), shall schedule a plea hearing and fact-finding hearing within 30 days after a request from the parent or guardian from whom custody was removed. The plea hearing and fact-finding hearing may be combined. This time period may be extended only with the consent of the requesting parent or guardian. Subject to so 9380299 (10 )nif **SECTION 304.** 938.31 (7) (a) of the statutes is amended to read: 938.31 (7) (a) At the close of the fact-finding hearing, the court, subject to s. 938.299 (10), shall set a date for the dispositional hearing that allows a reasonable time for the parties to prepare but is no more than 10 days after the fact-finding hearing for a juvenile in secure custody and no more than 30 days after the fact-finding hearing for a juvenile not held in secure custody. Hall parties consent, the court may immediately proceed with a dispositional hearing. **SECTION 305.** 938.315 (1) (a) 11. of the statutes is created to read: 938.315 (1) (a) 11. A continuance, not to exceed 20 days, granted at the request of the parent, Indian custodian, or tribe of a juvenile About of pray an Indian juvenile to enable the requester to prepare for a proceeding under s. 938.1\$ (4), (6), Twhom the court knows or has reason to know is (6m), or (7) involving the juvenile. Section 306. 938.315 (2) of the statutes is amended to read: 938.315 (2) CONTINUANCE FOR GOOD CAUSE. A continuance may be granted by the court only upon a showing of good cause in open court or during a telephone conference under s. 807.13 on the record and only for so long as is necessary, taking into account the request or consent of the representative of the public under s. 938,09

the out of home care placement of

or the parties, the request of a person specified in sub. (1) (a) 11... the interests of the victims, and the interest of the public in the prompt disposition of cases.

**SECTION 307.** 938.32 (1) (d) 1. of the statutes is renumbered 938.32 (1) (d) and amended to read:

938.32 (1) (d) If the court finds that any of the circumstances specified in s. 938.355 (2d) (b) 1. to 4. applies with respect to a parent, the court shall hold a hearing under s. 938.38 (4m) within 30 days after the date of that finding to determine the permanency plan for the juvenile. The agency responsible for preparing the permanency plan shall file the permanency plan with the court not less than 5 days before the date of the hearing.

**SECTION 308.** 938.32 (1) (d) 2. of the statutes is repealed.

**SECTION 309.** 938.32 (1) (d) 3. of the statutes is repealed.

**SECTION 310.** 938.33 (4) (d) of the statutes is created to read:

938.33 (4) (d) In the case of a proceeding under s. 938.13 (4), (6), (6m), or (71, if the agency knows or has reason to know that the juvenile is an Indian juvenile, a description of any efforts undertaken to determine whether the juvenile is an Indian juvenile; specific information showing that continued custody of the juvenile by the parent or Indian custodian is likely to result in serious emotional or physical damage to the juvenile, under s. 938.028 (4) (d) 1.; specific information showing that the county department or agency primarily responsible for providing services to the juvenile has made active efforts under s. 938.028 (4) (d) 2. to prevent the breakup of the Indian family and that those efforts have proved unsuccessful; a statement as to whether the out-of-home care placement recommended is in compliance with the order of placement preference under s. 938.028 (6) (a) or, if applicable, s. 938.028 (6) (b); and, if the recommended placement is not in compliance with that order, specific

who is being removed from the home of his or her parent or Indian constidion

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information showing good cause, as described in s. 938.028 (6) (d), for departing from that order.

Part of Links (whether and Section 311. 938.335 (3j) of the statutes is created to read:

938.335 (3j) Indian Juvenile; active efforts finding. At hearings under this section involving an Indian juvenile who is the subject of a proceeding under s. 938.13 (4), (6), (6m), or (7), if the agency, as defined in s. 938.38 (1) (a), is recommending placement of the Indian juvenile in a foster home, treatment foster home, group home, or residential care center for children and youth or in the home of a relative other than a parent, the agency shall present as evidence specific information showing all of the following:

- (a) That continued custody of the Indian juvenile by the parent or Indian custodian is likely to result in serious emotional or physical damage to the Indian juvenile under s. 938.028 (4) (d) 1.
- (b) That the county department or agency primarily responsible for providing services to the Indian juvenile has made active efforts under s. 938.028 (4) (d) 2. to prevent the breakup of the Indian family and that those efforts have proved unsuccessful.
- (c) That the placement recommended is in compliance with the order of placement preference under s. 938.028 (6) (a) or, if applicable, s. 938.028 (6) (b) or, if that placement is not in compliance with that order, good cause, as described in s. 938.028 (6) (d), for departing from that order.

**SECTION 312.** 938.345 (1m) of the statutes is created to read:

938.345 (1m) Indian Juvenile; placement preferences. (a) Subject to s. 938.028 (6) (b), if the juvenile is an Indian juvenile who is in need of protection or services under s. 938.13 (4), (6), (6m), or (7) and who is being placed in an

or Indian custodian I his or her o with ce 2007 **- 2008** Legislature GMM:lxk:pg SECTION 312 out of home care placement, as defined in s. 938.028(2)(c), the court shall designate 1 one of the placements specified in s. 938.028 (6) (a) 1. to 4. as the placement for the  $^{2}$ Indian juvenile, in the order of preference listed, unless the court finds good cause, 3 as described in s. 938.028 (6) (d), for departing from that order. 4 **SECTION 313.** 938.355 (2) (b) 6v. of the statutes is created to read: 5 938.355 (2) (b) 6v. If the juvenile is an Indian juvenile who is in need of 6 Oseing removed from the home of his orther parent or Indian protection or services under s. 983.13 (4), (6), (6m), or (7) and who is placed ourside 7 the home, a finding supported by clear and convincing evidence, including the testimony of one or more qualified expert witnesses, that continued custody of the 9 Indian juvenile by the parent or Indian custodian is likely to result in serious -dmisec 10 emotional or physical damage to the juvenile under s. 938.028(4)(d) 1. and a finding 11 supported by clear and convincing evidence as to whether the county department or 12 agency primarily responsible for providing services under a court order has made 13 active efforts under s. 938.028 (4) (d) 2. to prevent the breakup of the Indian family 14 and that those efforts have proved unsuccessful. The findings under this subsection 15 shall be in addition to the findings under subd. 6., except that for the sole purpose 16 of determining whether the cost of providing care for an Indian juvenile is eligible 17 for reimbursement under 42 USC 670 to 679b, the findings under this subdivision 18 and the findings under subd. 6. shall be considered to be the same findings. 19 SECTION 314. 938.355 (2) (d) of the statutes is amended to read 938,355 (2) (d) The court shall provide a copy of the dispositional order to the uvenile's parent, guardian, legal custodian, or trustee and, if the juvenile is an Indian juvenile woods in need of protection or services under s/938.13 (4) (6), (6m), or (1) to the radian juvenile's Indian custodian and trib

2007 - 2008 Legislature home of his or has parent or Indian SECTION 315 BILL ontside that hom **SECTION 315.** 938.355 (2d) (c) 1. of the statutes is renumbered 938.355 (2d) (c) 1 and amended to read:  $^2$ 938.355 (2d) (c) If the court finds that any of the circumstances under par. (b) 3 1/to 4. applies with respect to a parent, the court shall hold a hearing under s. 938.38 4 (4m) within 30 days after the date of that finding to determine the permanency plan 5 for the juvenile. If a hearing is held under this subdivision, the agency responsible 6 for preparing the permanency plan shall file the permanency plan with the court not 7 less than 5 days before the date of the hearing. 8 **SECTION 316.** 938.355 (2d) (c) 2. of the statutes is repealed 9 **SECTION 317.** 938.355 (2d) (c) 3. of the statutes is repealed. 10 SECTION 318. 938.355 (2d) (d) of the statutes is created to read: 11 938.355 (2d) (d) This subsection does not affect the requirement under sub. (2) 12 (b) 6v, that the court include in a dispositional order days an Indian juvenile who 13 is in need of protection or services under s. 938.13 (4), (6), (6m), or (7) 14 hard finding as to whether the county department or agency primarily responsible 15 for providing services under a court order has made active efforts under s. 938.028 16 (4) (d) 2. to prevent the breakup of the Indian family and that those efforts have 17 proved unsuccessful. 18 **SECTION 319.** 938.355 (6) (an) 1. of the statutes is amended to read: 19 938.355 (6) (an) 1. If a juvenile who has violated a municipal ordinance, other 20 than an ordinance enacted under s. 118.163 (1m) or (2), violates a condition of a 21 dispositional order imposed by the municipal court, the municipal court may petition 22the court assigned to exercise jurisdiction under this chapter and ch. 48 to impose 23 on the juvenile the sanction under par. (d) 1. or the sanction under par. (d) 3., with 24

monitoring by an electronic monitoring system. A sanction may be imposed under

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this subdivision only if, at the time of the judgment, the municipal court explained
the conditions to the juvenile and informed the juvenile of those possible sanctions
for a violation or if before the violation the juvenile has acknowledged in writing that
he or she has read, or has had read to him or her, those conditions and possible
sanctions and that he or she understands those conditions and possible sanctions.
The petition shall contain a statement of whether the juvenile may be subject to the
federal Indian Child Welfare Act, 25 USC 1911 to 1963, and, if the juvenile may be
subject to that act, the names and addresses of the juvenile's Indian custodian, if any,
and tribe, if known.

SECTION 320. 938.355 (6) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.355 (6) (b) Motion to impose sanction. A motion for imposition of a sanction may be brought by the person or agency primarily responsible for the provision of dispositional services, the district attorney or corporation counsel, or the court that entered the dispositional order. If the court initiates the motion, that court is disqualified from holding a hearing on the motion. Notice of the motion shall be given to the juvenile, guardian ad litem, counsel, parent, guardian, legal custodian, and all parties present at the original dispositional hearing. The motion shall contain a statement of whether the juvenile may be subject to the federal Indian Child Welfare Act, 25 USC 1911 to 1963 and, if the juvenile may be subject to that act, the names and addresses of the juvenile's Indian custodian, if any, and tribe, if known.

SECTION 321. 938.355 (6) (bm) of the statutes is created to read:

938.355 (6) (bm) Indian juvenile; notice. If the person initiating the motion knows or has reason to know that the juvenile is an Indian juvenile who has been found to be in need of protection or services under s. 938.13 (4), (6m), or (7) or who has been adjudged to have violated a civil law or ordinance, notice under par. (b) to

and if the motion is seeking removal of the Juvenile from the home of this or her private or the motion is seeking removal of the Juvenile from the home of this or her private or the part of the property in a place of nonsecure (my) of

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Parent, Indian (withdranger tribe cannot be determine)

SECTION 321 2007 - 2008 Legislature the Indian juvenile's parent shall be provided in the manner specified in \$,938.028 1 (4) (a). In like manner, the court shall also notify the Indian juvenile's Indian  $\mathbf{2}$ custodian and tribe. No hearing may be held under par. (c) until at least  $10 \, \mathrm{days}$  after 3 receipt of the notice by the Indian juvenile's parent, Indian custodian, and tribe or 4 until at least days after receipt of the notice by the U.S. secretary of the interior. (5) On request of the Indian juvenile's parent, Indian custodian, or tribe, the court shall 6 grant a continuance of up to 20 additional days to enable the requester to prepare 7 3 other than an ordinance enerted under to 1180163 (1m) or (2) A 8 for the hearing. SECTION 322. 938.355 (6) (cr) of the statutes is created to read: 9 938.355 (6) (cr) Indian juvenile; findings, Indicourt may not order the sanction (10 of placement in a place of nonsecure custody specified in par. (d) 11 juvenile who has been found to be in need of protection or services under s. 983.13 12 **(3)** (4), (6m), or (7) or who has been adjudged to have violated a civil law or ordinance unless the court finds by clear and convincing evidence, including the testimony of 14 one or more qualified expert witnesses, that continued custody of the Indian juvenile 15 by the parent or Indian custodian is likely to result in serious emotional or physical 16  $\sqrt{47}$ damage to the juvenile under s. 938.028 (4) (d) 1. and that the agency primarily responsible for providing services for the Indian juvenile has made active efforts 18 under s. 938.028 (4) (d) 2. to prevent the breakup of the Indian family and that those 19 efforts have proved unsuccessful. These findings are not required if they were made 20 in the dispositional order under which the juvenile is being sanctioned. The findings 21 under this paragraph shall be in addition to the findings under par. (cm), except that 22 for the sole purpose of determining whether the cost of providing care for an Indian 23 juvenile is eligible for reimbursement under 42 USC 670 to 679b, the findings under 24 The court may not order the Sanction of removal from the home the Indian juvenilate parent or Indian & custodian are
placement in a place of house cure (ustody specified in parold) los islature - 147 -

2007 - 2008 Legislature - 147 - BILL who has been found to be in need of protection or

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this paragraph and the findings under par. (cm) shall be considered to be the same more in a season of the paragraph and the findings under par. (cm) shall be considered to be the same findings.

The paragraph and the findings under par. (cm) shall be considered to be the same findings.

The paragraph and the findings under par. (cm) shall be considered to be the same findings.

Section 323. 938.355 (6m) (am) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:

938.355 (6m) (am) 1. If a juvenile who has violated a municipal ordinance enacted under s. 118.163 (2) violates a condition of a dispositional order imposed by the municipal court, the municipal court may petition the court assigned to exercise jurisdiction under this chapter and ch. 48 to impose on the juvenile the sanction specified in par. (a) 1g. A sanction may be imposed under this subdivision only if, at the time of the judgment the municipal court explained the conditions to the juvenile and informed the juvenile of that possible sanction or if before the violation the juvenile has acknowledged in writing that he or she has read, or has had read to him or her, those conditions and that possible sanction and that he or she understands those conditions and that possible sanction. The petition shall contain a statement of whether the juvenile may be subject to the federal Indian Child Welfare Act, 25 USC 1911 to 1963, and, if the juvenile may be subject to that act, the names and addresses of the juvenile's Indian custodian, if any, and tribe, if known.

SECTION 324. 938.355 (6m) (bm) of the statutes is created to read:

938.355 (6m) (bm) Indian juvenile; notice. If the person initiating the motion knows or has reason to know that the juvenile is an Indian juvenile, notice under par.

(b) to the Indian juvenile's parent shall be provided in the manner specified in s.

938.028 (4) (a). In like manner, the court shall also notify the Indian juvenile's Indian custodian and tribe. No hearing may be held under par. (c) until at least 10 days after receipt of the notice by the Indian juvenile's parent, Indian custodian, and tribe or until at least 10 days after receipt of the notice by the U.S. secretary of the interior.

On request of the Indian juvenile's parent, Indian custodian, or tribe, the court shall

2007 - 2008 Legislature GMM:lxk:pg ne court may not order the sanckon of SECTION 324 removal from the home & the Intran Juveniles parent or Fraise amorphism and placement in a grant a continuance of up to 20 additional days to enable the requester to prepare 1 nonceme custody war especified in parola 2 for the hearing. SECTION 325. 938.355 (6m) (c) of the statutes is amended to read: 3 938.355 (6m) (c) Sanction hearing. Before imposing a sanction under par. (a) 4 or (ag), the court shall hold a hearing at which the juvenile is entitled to be 5 represented by legal counsel and to present evidence. The Except as provided in par. 6 (bm), the hearing shall be held within 15 days after the filing of a motion under par. 7 who has been found to be in need of protection or \$ services under to \$3803 (1) 8 (b). or who has been adjulged to have violated in ordinance was unacted 938.355 (6m) (cr) Indian juvenile; findings. Rue court may not order the Irdian (wotodian sanction of placement in a place of nonsecure custody specified in par. (a) lg for an 11 Indian juvenile unless the court finds by clear and convincing evidence, including the 12 testimony of one or more qualified expert witnesses, that continued custody of the 13 Indian juvenile by the parent or Indian custodian is likely to result in serious fugs 14 emotional or physical damage to the juvenile under s. 938.028 (4) (d) 1. and that the 15 agency primarily responsible for providing services for the Indian juvenile has made 16 active efforts under s. 938.028 (4) (d) 2. to prevent the breakup of the Indian family 17 and that those efforts have proved unsuccessful. These findings are not required if 18 they were made in the dispositional order under which the juvenile is being 19 sanctioned. The findings under this paragraph shall be in addition to the findings 20 under par. (cm), except that for the sole purpose of determining whether the cost of 21 providing care for an Indian juvenile is eligible for reimbursement under 42 USC 670 22 to 679b, the findings under this paragraph and the findings under par. (cm) shall be 23 considered to be the same findings. 24 SECTION 327. 938.357 (1) (am) 1. of the statutes is amended to read: 25

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938.357 (1) (am) 1. If the proposed change in placement involves any change in placement other than a change in placement under par. (c), the person or agency primarily responsible for implementing the dispositional order or the district attorney shall cause written notice of the proposed change in placement to be sent to the juvenile, the parent, guardian, and legal custodian of the juvenile, and any foster parent, treatment foster parent, or other physical custodian described in s. 48.62 (2) of the juvenile. If the juvenile is an Indian juvenile (51E) (51E

SECTION 328. 938.357 (1) (and ) 1g. of the statutes is created to read:

938.357 (1) (am) 15. If the juvenile is an Indian juvenile who is the proposed change protection of placement would change the Indian juvenile's placement from a placement outside the home to another placement outside the home, a notice under subd. 1. shall also contain a statement as to whether the new placement is in compliance with the order of placement preference under s. 938.028 (6) (a) or, if applicable, s. 938.028 (6) (b) and, if the new placement is not in compliance with that order, specific information showing good cause, as described in s. 938.028 (6) (d), for departing from that order.

SECTION 329. 938. \$57 (1) (am) 1m. of the statutes is created to read:

938.357 (1) (am) 1m. In a proceeding involving an Indian juvenile who is in

need of protection or services under 938 18 (4), (6), (6m), or (7), notice under subd.

has been removed from the home of his or her parent or Indian custodian

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placement order shall contain the applicable order under sub (2v) (a) 1m. and the

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applicable statement under suff. (2v) (a) 2, If the court changes the placement of an 2

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om a placement outside the home to another placement outside placement home, the

change in placement order shall, in addition, comply with the order of placement preference under s. 938.028 (6) (a) or, if applicable s. 938.028 (6) (b), unless the court

finds good cause, as described in s. 938.028 (6) (d) or departing from that order.

SECTION 332. 938.357 (1) (c) 1m. of the statuted is created to read:

938.357 (1) (c) 1m. If the juvenile is an Indian juvenile who is in need of protection or services under s. 938.13 (4), (6), (6m), or (7), a request under subd. 1. shall also contain specific information showing that continued custody of the Indian juvenile by the parent or Indian custodian is likely to result in serious emotional or physical damage to the juvenile under s. 938.028 (4) (d) 1., specific information showing that the agency primarily responsible for implementing the dispositional order has made active efforts under s. 938.028 (4) (d) 2. to prevent the breakup of the Indian family and that those efforts have proved unsuccessful, a statement as to whether the new placement is in compliance with the order of placement preference under s. 938.028 (6) (a) or, if applicable, s. 938.028 (6) (b) and, if the new placement is not in compliance with that order, specific information showing good cause, as described in s. 938.028 (6) (d), for departing from that order.

SECTION 333. 938.357 (1) (c) 2. of the statutes is amended to read:

938.357 (1) (c) 2. The court shall hold a Hearing prior to ordering a change in placement requested under subd. 1. At least/3 days prior to the hearing, the court shall provide notice of the hearing, together with a copy of the request for the change in placement, to the juvenile, the parent, guardian, and legal custodian of the As and if the proposed change in placement would change the placement the Juvenile from a placement in the home of this or her glacement outside that home

Legislature -15216 the identity or location of the Indian juvenity 2007 - 2008 Legislature Section 333 BILL Indian custodian, or tribe cannot be juvenile, and all parties that are bound by the dispositional order and, if the juvenile 1 is an Indian juvenile who is in need of protection or services under s. 938.13 (4), (6), 2 (6m), or (7), the Indian juvenile's Indian custodian and tribenty all parties consent, (3` the court may proceed immediately with the hearing. 4 SECTION 334. 938.357 (1) (c) 2m. of the statutes is created to read 5 938.357 (1) (c) 2m. In a proceeding involving an Indian juvenile who is in need 6 of protection or services under s. 938.13 (4), (6), (6m), or (7) Inotice under subd. 2. to 7 the Indian juvenile's parent, Indian custodian, and tribe shall be provided in the 8 manner specified in s. 938.028 (4) (a). (Not earing on the request may be held until (9)at least 10 days after receipt of the notice by the Indian juvenile's parent, Indian 10 (1)custodian, and tribe of until at least adays after receipt of the notice by the U.S. secretary of the interior. On request of the Indian juvenile's parent, Indian 12 custodian, or tribe, the court shall grant a continuance of up to 20 additional days 13 to enable the requester to prepare for the hearing. 14 15SECTION 335. 938.357 (1) (c) 3. of the statutes as affected by 2007 Wisconsin Act 20) is amended to read: 938.357 (1) (c) 3. If the court changes the juvenile's placement from a placement 17 in the juvenile's home to a placement outside the juvenile's home, the change in 18 placement order shall contain the findings under sub. (2v) (a) 1., the applicable order 19 under sub. (2v) (a) 1m., the applicable statement under sub. (2v) (a) 2., and, if in 20 addition the court finds that any of the circumstances under s. 938.355 (2d) (b) 1. to 21 4. applies with respect to a parent, the determination under sub. (2v) (a) 3. If the 22 court changes the placement of an Indian juvenile who is in need of protection or 23 (24)services under s. 938.13 (4), (6), (6m), or (7) from a placement in the home to a placement outside the lock in the thome, the change in placement survey parent or Indian custodian

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order shall contain the findings under sub. (2v) (a) 4. and comply with the order of placement preference under s. 938.028 (6) (a) or, if applicable, s. 938.028 (6) (b), unless the court finds good cause, as described in s. 938.028 (6) (d), for departing from that order.

**SECTION 336.** 938.357 (2m) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.357 (2m) (a) Request; information required. The juvenile, the parent, guardian, or legal custodian of the juvenile, or any person or agency primarily bound by the dispositional order, other than the person or agency responsible for implementing the order, or, if the juvenile is an Indian juvenile who is in need of protection or services under s. 938.13(4), (6), (6m), or (7), the Indian juvenile's Indian custodian may request a change in placement under this paragraph. The request shall contain the name and address of the new placement requested and shall state what new information is available that affects the advisability of the current placement. If the proposed change in placement would change the placement of a juvenile placed in the juvenile's home to a placement outside the home, the request shall also contain specific information showing that continued placement of the juvenile in the juvenile's home would be contrary to the welfare of the juvenile and, unless any of the circumstances under s. 938.355 (2d) (b) 1. to 4. applies, specific information showing that the agency primarily responsible for implementing the dispositional order has made reasonable efforts to prevent the removal of the juvenile from the home, while assuring that the juvenile's health and safety are the paramount concerns. The request shall be submitted to the court. The court may also propose a change in placement on its own motion.

Section 337. 938.357 (2m) (am) of the statutes is created to read:

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change of placement would change the placement of an Indian juvenile placed in the whether home under s. 938.357 (4), (6), (6m), or (7) to a placement outside information showing that continued custody of the Indian juvenile by the parent or Indian custodian is likely to result in serious emotional or physical damage to the juvenile under s. 938.028 (4) (d) 1., specific information showing that the agency primarily responsible for implementing the dispositional order has made active efforts under s. 938.028 (4) (d) 2. to prevent the breakup of the Indian family and that those efforts have proved unsuccessful, a statement as to whether the new placement is in compliance with the order of placement preference under s. 938.028 (6) (a) or, if applicable, s. 938.028 (6) (b) and, if the new placement is not in compliance with that order, specific information showing good cause, as described in s. 938.028 (6) (d), for departing from that order.

2. If the proposed change in placement would change the placement of an Indian juvenile who is in need of protection or services under s. 938.13 (4), (6), (6m), or (7) from a placement outside the home to another placement outside the home, a request under par. (a) shall also contain a statement as to whether the new placement is in compliance with the order of placement preference under s. 938.028 (6) (a) or if applicable, s. 938.028 (6) (b) and, if the new placement is not in compliance with that order, specific information showing good cause, as described in s. 938.028 (6) (d), for departing from that order.

**SECTION 338.** 938.357 (2m) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.357 (2m) (b) Hearing; when required. The court shall hold a hearing prior to ordering any change in placement requested or proposed under par. (a) if the

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request states that new information is available that affects the advisability of the current placement. A hearing is not required if the requested or proposed change in placement does not involve a change in placement of a juvenile placed in the juvenile's home to a placement outside the juvenile's home, written waivers of objection to the proposed change in placement are signed by all parties entitled to receive notice under sub. (1) (am) 1. this paragraph, and the court approves. If a hearing is scheduled, not less than 3 days before the hearing the court shall notify the juvenile, the parent, guardian, and legal custodian of the juvenile, any foster parent, treatment foster parent, or other physical custodian described in s. 48.62 (2) of the juvenile, and all parties who are bound by the dispositional order at least 3 days prior to the hearing, and, if the juvenile is an Indian juvenile who is in need of protection or services under s. 938.13(4), (6), (6m), or (7), the Indian juvenile's Indian custodian and tribe. A copy of the request or proposal for the change in placement shall be attached to the notice. Hall of the parties consent, the court may proceed immediately with the hearing. Proposed change in placement SECTION 339. 938.357 (2m) (bm) of the statutes is created to read: mathoms 938.357 (2m) (bm) Indian juvenile; notice. If the juvenile is an Indian juvenile who is in need of protection or services under s. 938.13 (4), (6), (6m), or (7) notice under par. (b) to the Indian juvenile's parent, Indian custodian, and tribe shall be AND DESCRIPTION OF THE PARTY OF provided in the manner specified in s. 938.028 (4) (a). The aring on the request or proposal may be held until at least 10 days after receipt of the notice by the Indian juvenile's parent, Indian custodian, and tribe of until at least days after receipt

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additional days to enable the requester to prepare for the hearing.

of the notice by the U.S. secretary of the interior. On request of the Indian juvenile's

parent, Indian custodian, or tribe, the court shall grant a continuance of up to 20

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SECTION 340. 938.357 (2m) (c) of the statutes, as affected by 2007 Wisconsin MA204 is renumbered 938.357 (2m) (c) 1. and amended to read:

placement from a placement in the juvenile's home to a placement outside the juvenile's home, the change in placement order shall contain the findings under sub. (2v) (a) 1., the applicable order under sub. (2v) (a) 1m., the applicable statement under sub. (2v) (a) 2., and, if in addition the court finds that any of the circumstances under s. 938.355 (2d) (b) 1. to 4. applies with respect to a parent, the determination under sub. (2v) (a) 3. If the court changes the placement of an Indian juvenile who is in need of protection or services under s. 938.13 (4), (6), (6m), or (7) from a placement in the protection of services under s. 938.13 (4), (6), (6m), or (7) from a placement in the placement order shall, in addition, contain the findings under sub. (2v) (a) 4. and comply with the order of placement preference under s. 938.028 (6) (a) or, if applicable, s. 938.028 (6) (b), unless the court finds good cause, as described in s. 928.028 (6) (d), for departing from that order.

2. If the court changes the juvenile's placement from a placement outside the home to another placement outside the home, the change in placement order shall contain the applicable order under sub. (2v) (a) 1m. and the applicable statement under sub. (2v) (a) 2. If the court changes the placement of an Indian juvenile who is in need of protection or services under s. 938.13 (4), (6), (6m), or (7) from a placement outside the placement outside the placement outside the placement order shall, in addition, comply with the order of placement preference under s. 938.028 (6) (a) or, if applicable, s. 938.028 (6) (b), unless the court finds good cause, as described in s. 938.028 (6) (d), for departing from the order.

SECTION 341. 938.357 (2v) (a) 4. of the statutes is created to read:

938.357 (2v) (a) 4. If the change in placement order changes the placement of an Indian juvenile who is in need of protection or services under s. 938.13 (4), (6), (6m), or (7) from a placement in the [Adiabatical home to a placement outside the indianity home, a finding supported by clear and convincing evidence, including the testimony of one or more qualified expert witnesses, that continued custody of the Indian juvenile by the parent or Indian custodian is likely to result in serious emotional or physical damage to the juvenile under s. 938.028 (4) (d) 1. and a finding supported to clear and convincing willengs that the agency primarily responsible for implementing the dispositional order has made active efforts under s. 938.028 (4) (d) 2. to prevent the breakup of the Indian family and that those efforts have proved unsuccessful. The findings under this subdivision shall be in addition to the findings under subd. 1., except that for the sole purpose of determining whether the cost of providing care for an Indian juvenile is eligible for reimbursement under 42 USC 670 to 679b, the findings under this subdivision and the findings under subd. 1. shall be considered to be the same findings. A

**SECTION 342.** 938.357 (2v) (c) 1. of the statutes is renumbered 938.357 (2v) (c) and amended to read:

938.357 (2v) (c) If the court finds under par. (a) 3. that any of the circumstances under s. 938.355 (2d) (b) 1. to 4. applies with respect to a parent, the court shall hdld a hearing under s. 938.38 (4m) within 30 days after the date of that finding to determine the permanency plan for the juvenile. If a hearing is held under this paragraph, the agency responsible for preparing the permanency plan shall file the permanency plan with the court at least 5 days before the date of the hearing.

**SECTION 343.** 938.357 (2v) (c) 2. of the statutes is repealed.

25 The findings under this subdivision are not required if they were made previous order in the proceeding with unless a change in circumstances warrants



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2007 - 2008 Legislature - 158 -BILL SECTION 344 SECTION 344. 938.357 (2v) (c) 3. of the statutes is repealed. 1 SECTION 345. 938.363 (1) (a) of the statutes is amended to read: 2 938.363 (1) (a) A juvenile, the juvenile's parent, guardian, o'legal custodian, 3 any person or agency bound by a dispositional order, or the district attorney or 4 corporation counsel in the county in which the dispositional order was entered or, if 5 the juvenile is an Indian juvenile who is in need of protection or services under s **6**] 938.13 (4), (6), (6m), or (7), the Indian juvenile's Indian custodian may request a 7 revision in the order that does not involve a change in placement, including a revision 8 with respect to the amount of child support to be paid by a parent. The court may 9 also propose a revision. The request or court proposal shall set forth in detail the 10 nature of the proposed revision and what new information is available that affects 11 the advisability of the court's disposition. The request or court proposal shall be 12 submitted to the court. The court shall hold a hearing on the matter prior to any 13 revision of the dispositional order if the request or court proposal indicates that new 14 information is available that affects the advisability of the court's dispositional order, 15 unless written waivers of objections to the revision are signed by all parties entitled 16 17 to receive notice and the court approves. SECTION 346. 938.363 (1) (b) of the statutes is amended to read: 18 938.363 (1) (b) If a hearing is held, at/least 3 days before the hearing the court 19 20 shall notify the juvenile, the juvenile's parent, guardian, and legal custodian, all parties bound by the dispositional order, the juvenile's foster parent, treatment 21 22 foster parent, or other physical custodian described in s. 48.62 (2), and the district attorney or corporation counsel in the county in which the dispositional order was 23

entered at least 3 days prior to the hearing and the juvenile is an Indian juvenile who is in need of protection or service nunder s. 938.13(4), (6), (6m), or (7) the Indian

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juvenile's Indian custodian and tribe. A copy of the request or proposal shall be attached to the notice. If all parties consent, the court may proceed immediately with the hearing. No revision may extend the effective period of the original order, or revise an original order under s. 938.34 (3) (f) or (6) (am) to impose more than a total of 30 days of detention, nonsecure custody, or inpatient treatment on a juvenile.

**SECTION 347.** 938.365 (1m) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.365 (1m) Request for extension. The parent, juvenile, guardian, legal custodian, any person or agency bound by the dispositional order, the district attorney or corporation counsel in the county in which the dispositional order was entered, or the court on its own motion, or, if the juvenile is an Indian juvenile who is in need of protection or services under s. 938.13 (4), (6), (6m), or (7), the Indian juvenile's Indian custodian may request an extension of an order under s. 938.355. The request shall be submitted to the court which that entered the order. An order under s. 938.355 for placement of a juvenile in detention, nonsecure custody, or inpatient treatment under s. 938.34 (3) (f) or (6) (am) may not be extended. Other orders or portions of orders under s. 938.355 may be extended only as provided in this section.

**SECTION 348.** 938.365 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.365 (2) Notice. No order may be extended without a hearing. The court shall notify provide notice of the time and place of the hearing to the juvenile or the juvenile's guardian ad litem or counsel, the juvenile's parent, guardian, and legal custodian, all of the parties present at the original hearing, the juvenile's foster parent, treatment foster parent or other physical custodian described in s. 48.62 (2), and the district attorney or corporation counsel in the county in which the dispositional order was entered of the time and place of the hearing.

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2007 - 2008 Les GMM:lxk:pg court shall also SECTION 348 juvenile is an Indian juvenile who is in need of protection or services under s. 938.13 (4), (6), (6m), or (7), the Indian juvenile's Indian custodian, out cit SECTION 349. 938.365 (2g) (b) 4. of the statutes is created to read: 938.365 (2g) (b) 4. If the juvenile is an Indian juvenile who is placed outside the homeunder s. 938.13(4), (6), (6m), or (7), specific information showing that active efforts under s. 938.028 (4) (d) 2. have been made to prevent the breakup of the Indian family and that those efforts have proved unsuccessful. SECTION 350. 938.365 (2m) (a) 1. of the statutes is amended to read: 938.365 (2m) (a) 1. Any party may present evidence relevant to the issue of extension. If the juvenile is placed outside of his or her home, the person or agency primarily responsible for providing services to the juvenile shall present as evidence specific information showing that the person or agency has made reasonable efforts to achieve the goal of the juvenile's permanency plan, unless return of the juvenile to the home is the goal of the permanency plan and any of the circumstances under s. 938.355 (2d) (b) 1. to 4. applies. If an Indian juvenile is placed outside the home under s. 938.13 (4), (6), (6m), or (7), the person or agency primarily responsible for providing services to the Indian juvenile shall also present as evidence specific information showing that the person or agency has made active efforts under s. 938.028 (4) (d) 2. to prevent the breakup of the Indian family and that those efforts have proved unsuccessful. 1m. The court shall make findings of fact and conclusions of law based on the evidence. The findings of fact shall include a finding as to whether reasonable efforts were made by the agency primarily responsible for providing services to the juvenile to achieve the goal of the juvenile's permanency plan, unless return of the juvenile

to the home is the goal of the permanency plan and the court finds that any of the

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circumstances under s. 938.355 (2d) (b) 1. to 4. applies. If the juvenile is an Indian juvenile who is placed outside the home under s. 938.13 (4), (6), (6m), or (7), the findings of fact shall also include a finding as to whether active efforts under s. 938.028 (4) (d) 2. were made to prevent the breakup of the Indian family and as to whether those efforts have proved unsuccessful. An order shall be issued under s. 938.355.

SECTION 351. 938.365 (2m) (a) 3. of the statutes is amended to read:

938.365 (2m) (a) 3. The court shall make the findings under subd. 1. 1m. relating to reasonable efforts to achieve the goal of the juvenile's permanency plan and the findings under subd. 2. on a case-by-case basis based on circumstances specific to the juvenile and shall document or reference the specific information on which those findings are based in the order issued under s. 938.355. An order that merely references subd. 1. 1m. or 2. without documenting or referencing that specific information in the order or an amended order that retroactively corrects an earlier order that does not comply with this subdivision is not sufficient to comply with this subdivision.

SECTION 352. 938.365 (2m) (ad) 1. of the statutes is renumbered 938.365 (2m) (ad) and amended to read:

938.365 (2m) (ad) If the court finds that any of the circumstances under s. 938.355 (2d) (b) 1. to 4. applies with respect to a parent, the court shall hold a hearing under s. 938.38 (4m) within 30 days after the date of that finding to determine the permanency plan for the juvenile. If a hearing is held under this subdivision, the agency responsible for preparing the permanency plan shall file the permanency plan with the court not less than 5 days before the date of the hearing.

**SECTION 353.** 938.365 (2m) (ad) 2. of the statutes is repealed.

**SECTION 354.** 938.365 (2m) (ag) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.365 (2m) (ag) The court shall give a foster parent, treatment foster parent, or other physical custodian described in s. 48.62 (2) who is notified of a hearing under par. (ad) 2. or sub. (2) an opportunity to be heard at the hearing by permitting the foster parent, treatment foster parent, or other physical custodian to make a written or oral statement during the hearing, or to submit a written statement prior to the hearing, relevant to the issue of extension. A foster parent, treatment foster parent, or other physical custodian who receives notice of a hearing under par. (ad) 2. or sub. (2) and an opportunity to be heard under this paragraph does not become a party to the proceeding on which the hearing is held solely on the basis of receiving that notice and having the opportunity to be heard.

SECTION 355. 938.38 (3) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.38 (3) TIME. (intro.) Subject to s. 938.355 (2d) (c) 1., the agency shall file the permanency plan with the court within 60 days after the date on which the juvenile was first removed from his or her home, except under either of the following conditions:

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**SECTION 356.** 938.38 (4) (i) of the statutes is created to read:

938.38 (4) (i) If the juvenile is an Indian juvenile who is the following:

- 1. The name, address, and telephone number of the Indian juvenile's Indian custodian and tribe.
- 2. A description of the remedial services and rehabilitation programs offered under s. 938.028 (4) (d) 2. in an effort to prevent the breakup of the Indian family.
- 3. A statement as to whether the Indian juvenile's placement is in compliance with the order of placement preference under s. 938.028 (6) (a) or, if applicable, s.

938.028 (6) (b) and, if the placement is not in compliance with that order, a statement as to whether there is good cause, as described in s. 938.028 (6) (d), for departing from that order.

**SECTION 357.** 938.38 (4m) of the statutes is created to read:

938.38 (4m) Permanency plan determination Hearing. (a) If in a proceeding under s. 938.21, 938.32, 938.355, 938.357, or 938.365 the court finds that any of the circumstances specified in s. 938.355 (2d) (b) 1. to 4. applies with respect to a parent, the court shall hold a hearing within 30 days after the date of that finding to determine the permanency plan for the juvenile. If a hearing is held under this paragraph, the agency responsible for preparing the permanency plan shall file the permanency plan with the court not less than 5 days before the hearing.

- (b) At least 10 days before the hearing the court shall notify the juvenile, any parent, guardian, and legal custodian of the juvenile, any foster parent, treatment foster parent, or other physical custodian described in s. 48.62(2) of the juvenile and, if the juvenile is an Indian juvenile who is or is alleged to be in need of protection or services under s. 938.13(4), (6), (6m), or (7), the Indian juvenile's Indian custodian and tribe of the time, place, and purpose of the hearing.
- (c) If the court knows or has reason to know that the juvenile is an Indian juvenile who is or is alleged to be in need of protection or services under s. 938.13 (4), (6), (6m), or (7), notice under par. (b) to the Indian juvenile's parent, Indian custodian, and tribe shall be provided in the manner specified in s. 938.028 (4) (a). No hearing may be held under par. (a) until at least 10 days after receipt of the notice by the Indian juvenile's parent, Indian custodian, and tribe or until at least 20 days after receipt of the notice by the U.S. secretary of the interior. On request of the Indian

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juyenile's parent, Indian custodian, or tribe, the court shall grant a continuance of to 20 additional days to enable the requester to prepare for the hearing.

(c) The court shall give a foster parent, treatment foster parent, or other physical custodian described in s. 48.62 (2) who is notified of a hearing under par. (b) property to be heard at the hearing by permitting the foster parent, treatment foster parent, or other physical custodian to make a written or oral statement during the hearing, or to submit a written statement prior to the hearing, relevant to the issues to be determined at the hearing. The foster parent, treatment foster parent, or other physical custodian does not become a party to the proceeding on which the

hearing is held solely on the basis of receiving that notice and hearing is placed outside the home of his or her parent

11 **k** to be heard.

**SECTION 358.** 9\$8.38 (5) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.38 (5) (b) The court or the agency shall notify the parents of the juvenile, the juvenile, if he or she is 10 years of age or older, and; the juvenile's parent. guardian, and legal custodian; the juvenile's foster parent, the juvenile's treatment foster parent, the operator of the facility in which the juvenile is living, or the relative with whom the juvenile is living; and, if the juvenile is an Indian juvenile who is preedo protective service under s. 938.13(4), (6), (6m), or (7), the Indian juvenile's Indian custodian and tribe of the date, time, and place of the review, of the issues to be determined as part of the review, and of the fact that they may have an opportunity to be heard at the review by submitting written comments not less than 10 working days before the review or by participating at the review. The court or agency shall notify the person representing the interests of the public, the juvenile's counsel, and the juvenile's guardian ad litem of the date of the review, of the issues to be determined as part of the review, and of the fact that they may submit written

938.38 (5) (d) Notwithstanding s. 938.78 (2) (a), the agency that prepared the

permanency plan shall, at least 5 days before a review by a review panel, provide to

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each person appointed to the review panel, the juvenile's parent, guardian, and legal custodian, the person representing the interests of the public, the juvenile's counsel and, the juvenile's guardian ad litem, and, if the juvenile is an Indian juvenile who is interests of the person representing under s. 938.13 (4), (6), (6m), or (7), the Indian juvenile's Indian custodian and tribe a copy of the permanency plan and any written comments submitted under par. (b). Notwithstanding s. 938.78 (2) (a), a person appointed to a review panel, the person representing the interests of the public, the juvenile's counsel and, the juvenile's guardian ad litem, and, if the juvenile is an Indian juvenile who is interests of the public and Indian juvenile who is interests of participating in the review. A person permitted access to a juvenile's records under this paragraph may not disclose any information from the records to any other person.

**SECTION 362.** 938.38 (5) (e) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.38 (5) (e) Within 30 days, the agency shall prepare a written summary of the determinations under par. (c) and shall provide a copy to the court that entered the order; the juvenile or the juvenile's counsel ex, guardian ad litem; the person representing the interests of the public; the juvenile's parent ex, guardian and, or legal custodian; the juvenile's foster parent, the juvenile's treatment foster parent, or the operator of the facility where the juvenile is living; and, if the juvenile is an Indian juvenile who is in need of protection or services under s. 938.13 (4), (6), (6m), or (7), the Indian juvenile's Indian custodian and tribe.

**SECTION 363.** 938.38 (5m) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.38 (5m) (b) Not less than 30 days before the date of the hearing, the court shall notify the juvenile; the juvenile's parent, guardian, and legal custodian; the

juvenile's foster parent or treatment foster parent, the operator of the facility in which the juvenile is living, or the relative with whom the juvenile is living; the juvenile's counsel, and the juvenile's guardian ad litem; the agency that prepared the permanency plan; and the person representing the interests of the public; and, if the juvenile is an Indian juvenile who is the protection of the public; and, if the juvenile is an Indian juvenile who is the protection of the date, time, and place of the hearing.

938.38 (5m) (6m) If the juvenile is an Indian juvenile who is in need of protection or services under s. 938.13 (4), (6), (6m), or (7), notice under par. (b) to the Indian juvenile's parent, Indian custodian, and tribe shall be provided in the manner specified in s. 938.028 (4) (a). No hearing under par. (a) may be held until at least 10 days after receipt of the notice by the Indian juvenile's parent, Indian custodian, and tribe or until at least and days after receipt of the notice by the U.S. secretary of the interior. On request of the Indian juvenile's parent, Indian custodian, or tribe, the court shall grant a continuance of up to 20 additional days to enable the requester to prepare for the hearing.

**SECTION 365.** 938.38 (5m) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.38 (5m) (d) At least 5 days before the date of the hearing the agency that prepared the permanency plan shall provide a copy of the permanency plan and any written comments submitted under par. (c) to the court, to the juvenile's parent, guardian, and legal custodian, to the person representing the interests of the public, and to the juvenile's counsel or guardian ad litem, and, if the juvenile is an Indian juvenile who is the first transfer of the juvenile is an Indian juvenile who is the first transfer of the juvenile is an Indian juvenile's Indian custodian and tribe. Notwithstanding s. 938.78 (2)

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(a), the person representing the interests of the public and, the juvenile's counsel or guardian ad litem, and, if the juvenile is an indian juvenile who is the procedure of services under s. 938.13 (4), (6), (6m), or (7), the Indian juvenile's Indian custodian and tribe may have access to any other records concerning the juvenile for the purpose of participating in the review. A person permitted access to a juvenile's records under this paragraph may not disclose any information from the records to any other person.

**SECTION 366.** 938.38 (5m) (e) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.38 (5m) (e) After the hearing, the court shall make written findings of fact and conclusions of law relating to the determinations under sub. (5) (c) and shall provide a copy of those findings of fact and conclusions of law to the juvenile; the juvenile's parent, guardian, and legal custodian; the juvenile's foster parent or treatment foster parent, the operator of the facility in which the juvenile is living, or the relative with whom the juvenile is living; the agency that prepared the permanency plan; and the person representing the interests of the bublic; and, if the juvenile is an Indian juvenile who is in the least of protection or per vices under s. 938.13 (4), (6), (6m), or (7), the Indian juvenile's Indian custodian and tribe. The court shall make the findings specified in sub. (5) (c) 7. on a case-by-case basis based on circumstances specific to the juvenile and shall document or reference the specific information on which those findings are based in the findings of fact and conclusions of law prepared under this paragraph. Findings of fact and conclusions of law that merely reference sub. (5) (c) 7. without documenting or referencing that specific information in the findings of fact and conclusions of law or amended findings of fact and conclusions of law that retroactively correct earlier findings of fact and

T	conclusions of law that do not comply with this paragraph are not sufficient to comply
2	with this paragraph.
3	<b>SECTION 367.</b> 938.538 (6m) (a) 1. of the statutes is repealed.
4	SECTION 368. 938.538 (6m) (a) 4. of the statutes is amended to read:
5	938.538 (6m) (a) 4. "Minority group member" means a Black, a Hispanic, or an
6	American Indian person.
7	SECTION 369, Initial applicability.
8	(1) Involuntary termination of parental rights. The treatment of sections
9	48.415 (intro.) and (2) (2) 2., 48.42 (1) (e), and 48.424 (1) (b) and (3) of the statutes
10	first applies to a termination of parental rights petition filed on the effective date of
11	this subsection.
12	Section 370. Effective date.
13	This act takes effect on July 1, 2008
14	(END)